

## Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society

Dedicated to serving Cook's Ferry and Siska Communities

"Take Care Of Yourself"

April 2021

## TRADITIONAL PLANTS AND HARVESTING



# For information on any activities taking place this month or to make ride arrangements, please contact one of our offices.

#### **Cooks Ferry Office**

Box 188, 3691 Deer Lane, Spence's Bridge, BC, VOK 2L0 Phone: (250) 458-2212 Fax: (250) 458-2213 Client Toll Free: 1-866-458-2212 Email: nadine.methot@hhssbc.ca

#### <u>Siska Office</u>

163 Loop Road

Phone: (250) 455-6601

Fax: (250) 455-6608

Client Toll Free: 1-844-255-6601

Email: corynn.revely@hhssbc.ca

#### Visit our Facebook Page! https://www.facebook.com/groups/462213130612032/?ref=bookmarks

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## The Heskw'en'scutxe offices will be closed: Friday April 2, 2021 for Good Friday And

Monday April 5, 2021 for Easter Monday



The Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society is funded by First Nation Health Authority and we support people to maintain their independence and self sufficiency.

## **Resource Numbers**



#### **Emergency Assistance**

Ambulance/Fire/Police				
RCMP	250-455-2225			
RCMP Spences Bridge	250-458-2233 (local non			
emergencies)				
Children's Hotline				
Kid's Helpline	1-800-668-6868			
Interior Crisis Line Network 1-888-353-2273				
(depression, poverty, a	buse, homelessness, suicide)			

#### **Distress Centres & Services**

Air or Marine Emergency 1-800-567-5111	
Airtport/Coastal Watch programs	
1-888-855-6655	
Alcohol & Drug Referral 1-800-663-1441	
Child Find BC	
1-888-689-3463	
Earthquake, Flood, Dangerous Goods Spills, Tsunami	
1-800-663-3456	
Provincial Emergency Program Information	
250-371-5240	
For Reporting Environmental Violation & Dangerous	
Wildlife/Human Conflicts	
1-877-952-7277	
Forest Fire Reporting Only	
1-800-663-5555	
Gas Leaks & Odours (Fortis BC Inc.)	
1-800-663-9911	
Missing Children Society of BC	
1-800-661-6160	
Power Outages & Emergencies	
1-888-769-3766/*49376	
Problem Gambling Help Line – 24hre	
1-888-795-6111	
Quit Now! Smoker's Helpline	
1-877-455-2233	
Suicide Distress Line	
1-800-784-2433	

Han Knast Tsitxw Transition house	
	250-455-2284
VictimLINK – 24 hr Help & Informatio	on Line
•	1-800-563-0808
Y Women's Emergency Shelter	
	250-374-6162
Youth Against Violence Line	230 37 4 0102
	1-800-680-4264
	1 000 000 4204
Hospitals	
Ashcroft	
700 Ash-Cache Creek Hwy, Ashcroft	250 452 2214
	250-453-2211
Blue River Health Centre	
858 Main Street, Blue River	
	250-673-8311
Dr. Helmcken Memorial Hospital	
640 Park Dr., Clearwater	
	250-674-2244
Nicola Valley Health Care Centre	
3451 Voght Street, Merritt	
	250-378-2242
Royal Inland Hospital	
311 Columbia Street, Kamloops	
	250-374-5111
St. Bartholomews Health Centre	
575 A Main Street, Lytton	
	250-455-2221
Lytton Medical Clinic	
	250-455-2202

#### MENTAL WELLNESS SUPPORT SERVICES AVAILABLE TO THE NATION

#### Hope For Wellness Hotline: 1-855-242-3310

Helpline offers 24 hour immediate mental health counseling and crisis intervention to all indigenous peoples across

Kuu –us Crisis Line at 1800-588-8717

Toll free Aboriginal provincial crisis line 24 hours

Indian Residential School Survivors 1-604-985-4464 or toll free

1800-721-0066

Tsow-Tun Le Lum Society: 250-268-2463

24 hour support line supporting those struggling with addiction sub-

#### Nlaka'pamux Mental Health Services

Wanda Dexel

#### Mental Health and Addictions Clinician

Wanda comes to both offices by appointment only. You do not need a referral to book an appointment.

Office: 250 378.9772 ext 109 Mobile: 250 378.7631

Email: dexel.w.e@nlxfn.com

Nlha'7kapmx Child and Family Services 987 George Road, Lytton, BC, V0K 1Z0

Phone: 250- 455-2118 Fax: 250-455-2117 Email: info@n7xservices.com









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#### Hentle!

Today is March 12<sup>th</sup> and the start of Spring Break for students! Dr. Bonnie Henry has loosened the Covid restrictions so we can now meet outside with up to 10 people from our bubble. Please continue to follow all Public Health Orders even when gathering with our bubbles outside. There are new variants of the virus that we must continue to contain from spreading.

April 2 is Good Friday and the start of the Easter Long weekend. Please be safe while outside gathering with your bubble of 10.

April 22 is Earth Day! Lets celebrate by getting out on the land with our bubbles. What traditional foods can we gather? Stinging nettle? I recommend following the Tuckkwiowhum Village Facebook page as they share great information!

HHSS is waiting for notification on when we will be receiving the Moderna vaccine for our second dose clinics. As soon as we are notified, we will be calling all members who received the first dose at our vaccine clinics to book your second appointment.

If you could not attend our clinics or changed your minds for receiving the first dose since the clinics that we held, there will be opportunities to get the first dose vaccine at the Interior Health Regional Clinics or a FNHA clinic. Again, HHSS is waiting for information to share on where and when these clinics will be. As soon as we know we will advertise. You can also check the government of BC website for information or Interior Health or the First Nation Health Authority. We have officially launched our website. I encourage you to participate in the scavenger hunt, it will have you know what services we offer inside out and there are nice prizes to be won too! We hope you enjoy your Fire Safety tools and encourage you to read the booklet. We can never be prepared enough in case of an emergency!

Thank you to all community members who were vaccinated! You are doing your part to keep our communities safe! Please contact HHSS for any support or information.

Stay Strong, Be Calm, Be Kind, Be Safe

Tina Draney / Acting Health Manager

## **COVID-19 VACCINE UPDATES**

March 17, 2021

#### Re: COVID-19 VACCINATIONS 2<sup>nd</sup> DOSE



#### To all community members living in Cooks Ferry and Siska

HHSS still does not know when the 2<sup>nd</sup> dose vaccine will be allocated to us. Dr. Bonnie Henry our BC Provincial Health Officer has approved a delay up to 120 days for the second dose.

HHSS was anticipating hosting our second clinics the first and second week of March but we did not receive the vaccine due to the new Provincial inoculation plan. I anticipate that we will not be notified until the very last minute before receiving the vaccine as this was our experience with the first dose. As soon as we know when the vaccine will be delivered to us, we will start calling all community members who received their first dose to set up appointments for their second dose.

If you did not receive your first dose and would like to be vaccinated please contact our offices. Nlaka'pamux Health Services Society is advocating for more vaccine to capture people who were not able to be vaccinated at the first clinics. When HHSS knows more information regarding this we will advertise the information as to where and when the clinics will be held. If you will require transportation HHSS will support with this. We just ask that you phone us to set up a ride as soon as you know your vaccine appointment time and location so we can make staffing arrangements.

I want to thank everyone for being patient through this vaccine roll out. Please remember that even with the vaccine we must still continue to follow all PHO's.

If you have any questions, please give us a call.

Siska office 250-455-6601. Cooks Ferry office 250-458-2212. We are here for you.

## Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society WEBSITE LAUNCH!

We are pleased to introduce you to HHSS new website: <u>hhssbc.ca</u>

To ensure that everyone gets familiar with the site, we have put together a Scavenger Website Hunt with prizes to win!

- This contest is open to all members living in the communities.
- The Newsletter can be accessed on the website. Let us know if you prefer a paper copy going forward.
- Fill your Covid-19 Wellness Check Form online!
- For all medical travels, shopping days and in person appointments with HHSS employees, clients will be requested to fill the **Covid-19 Wellness Check Form**

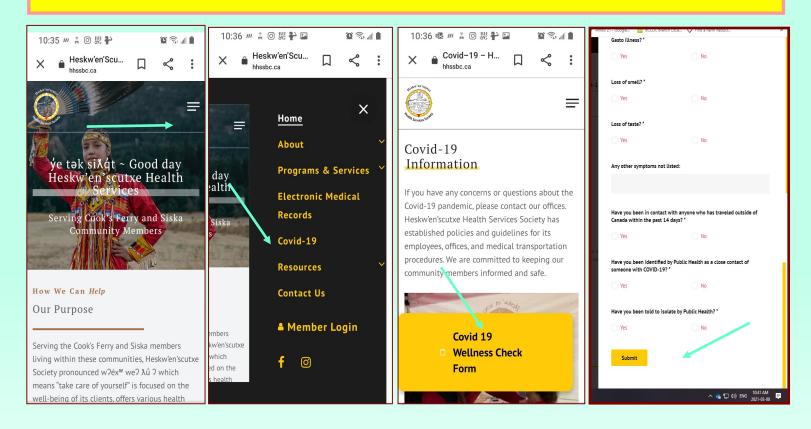
Go to https://hhssbc.ca/covid-19/ and fill out the questionnaire and submit.

1-2 hours before we pick you up for travel or see you in our offices:

No access to the online form?

We will call you and fill out the Covid-19 Wellness Check Form on your behalf.

## HOW TO ACCESS THE COVID-19 ONLINE FORM?



## Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society

## WEBSITE SCAVENGER CONTEST!!!!

Fill this form out to be entered into a draw! (See the prizes featured in this newsletter and on the HHSS Facebook page.)

Send answers to: <u>admin@hhssbc.ca</u> or hand your form in to Corynn/ Nadine.

## **VISIT HHSSBC.CA**

## ALL ANSWERS ARE FOUND WITHIN THE WEBSITE

1. Name the waterfall featured on the "Home Page". Hint : It is located in Spences Bridge:\_\_\_\_\_

2. Fill out the "Covid-19 Wellness Check Form". In the :Any other symptoms not listed box" write Scavenger Hunt and press sent.

3. Name one of the 8 "*Other Services"* offered by HHSS.

4. Name one of the forms you can download in the "Resources Section".

5. How many community members live in both communities?

6. Name the photographer who took the website pictures in the summer of 2020. \_\_\_\_\_

7. How many 2017 newsletters have been posted online ?

8. Name one of the 4 Board of Directors Members.

9. What do you need to provide to access the "Members Login"

10. Name one of the four "Outside Community Services" you can access without having a doctors referral.

11. Name one of the services provided by the nurse in the "Maternal Child *Health"* Menu.\_\_\_\_\_

12. Name a featured event in the "Events Monthly Calendar".

13. Name one of the three services /programs available in the "*Electronic* Health Record System". \_\_\_\_\_

14.Name the first link in the "*Helpful Links"* section \_\_\_\_\_

NAME:\_\_\_\_\_Cooks Ferry\_\_Siska\_\_\_\_

DEADLINE TO SUBMIT YOUR ANSWERS: APRIL 15, 2021

# Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society WEBSITE SCAVENGER CONTEST PRIZES TO WIN!!!

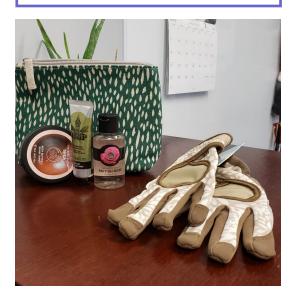
## Tanning Kit (\$85 value)



## **TENT KIT AND SOLAR LIGHTS**



## HAND PAMPERING FOR THE GARDENER



DO IT YOURSELF PROJECT: BEESWAX KITCHEN WRAP KIT & GLASS CONTAINERS TO START USING YOUR WRAPS



# Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society WEBSITE SCAVENGER CONTEST DEADLINE TO SUBMIT APRIL 15

# 

**SPA KIT** 

## **SPRING CLEANING KIT**



## **COPPER COOKING & EXERCISING KIT**

**BURN WHILE COOKING!** 

**OTHAN** 

CLASSIC POT & OVEN MIT







#### TRANSPORTATION and CARE OPTIONS FOR FIRST NATIONS MEMBERS WHO ARE COVID-19 POSITIVE and LIVE ON-RESERVE IF YOU ARE EXPERIENCING THESE SYMPTOMS follow the arrows **MILD & STABLE SYMPTOMS** MODERATE SEVERE SYMPTOMS You are starting to feel worse; your If you are If you are struggling hard to breath or if You may have a fever, cough, sore throat and/or diarrhea. vou become unconscious someone will: symptoms are not going away and feeling like your breathing may be you can't get Your breathing is fine. uncomfortable. Do not wait until enough air into your symptoms get severe. You are alert and oriented; you know lungs: who you are and who others are. Call 811 or your local **CALL 911** health center or If you are at a rural clinic or hospital site, THEY **Community Liaison** will arrange for one of the following transports 250-458-2212 based on your symptoms: **Contact: 811 for testing and** Contact your local health center HHSS BC Ambulance Ground or Air Basic Life 250-458-2212 to ask about the Support Crew with local medical escort following options and decide (Registered Nurse, Nurse Practitioner, The nurse will assess which one would be best for you Doctor) you and decide to call *if you wish to self-isolate:* OR 911 or refer you to an BC Ground Ambulance with Advanced **Interior Health Care Paramedic Community Cohort** BC Ground Ambulance with High Center (CCC) in: Acuity Response Team (HART) (hospital to hospital) Kamloops **Option 1: Self-isolate at** BC Air Ambulance (if available) Vernon home for 14 days. With Penticton HHSS support You will be transported to an Intensive Trail **Care Hospital: Option 2: Self-isolate at a** The nurse or designate local self-isolation facility Location **Aboriginal Patient** will reach out to the for 14 days: such as a Navigator Contact nearby motel or hotel or CCC to help you and a 250-319-5420 or Kamloops, resort or cabin or trailer. companion get to the Royal Inland H 250-318-0697 CCC and to also return Vernon 250-558-1200 Ext 4130 **OPTION 3:** Self-isolate at an or 250-309-9436 home. Jubilee H. **IH Community Cohort** 250-862-4021 or Kelowna Centre (CCC) for 14 days -250-801-0466 General H. referral is needed by a nurse IH will make arrangements for your or health professional (see return home. green section). **IN THE Cooks Ferry and Siska Communities**



Health Services Society

Heskw'en'scutxe

Cooks Ferry & Siska Indian Bands 1-866-458-2212 1-844-255-6601



# COVID-19 Vaccination Clinic Update

#### **PROVINCIAL CLINICS**

- Clinics start March 15
- Register for appointments: March 8 on - Indigenous\* people age 65+ March 31 on - Indigenous people age 60+
- Locations will be confirmed when booked. Some will be for Indigenous clients only
- Clinics will continue as needed, gradually opening to younger populations. By July, everyone who wants a vaccine will have had their first dose
- Best for urban and away-from-home Indigenous people (i.e., living off reserve)
- Organized by regional health authorities with planning support from FNHA regional teams.

#### FNHA COMMUNITY-BASED CLINICS

- 1) Ongoing (started Dec. 31, 2020)
- First Nations Communities and Health Centres will notify community members. Some may require appointments Everyone living in community age 18+
- Held in community facilities (e.g., on reserve)
- All first-dose clinics will be held or scheduled by March 31
- Intended for First Nations people living in community (i.e., on reserve). Nation members should not travel to attend these clinics.
- Organized by the FNHA in partnership with First Nations communities
- \*First Nations, Metis, Inuit. Self-identification, no proof required.



#### PROVINCIAL VACCINE REGISTRATION CONTACT INFORMATION BY HEALTH AUTHORITY

Fraser Health Authority 1-855-755-2455 www.fraserhealth.ca/vaccine

Interior Health Authority 1-877-740-7747 www.interiorhealth.ca

Northern Health Authority 1-844-255-7555 www.northernhealth.ca

Vancouver Coastal Health Authority 1-877-587-5767 www.vch.ca

Vancouver Island Health Authority 1-833-348-4787 www.islandhealth.ca/covid19vaccine

The centres will be open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. every day, with reduced hours on statutory holidays.

#### NEW INFORMATION ON SECOND DOSE TIMING

Under the Phase 2 COVID-19 vaccination plan announced March 1, second doses – also called booster shots – will be extended until 16 weeks after the first. This decision is based on research in BC and elsewhere that shows the Pfizer and Moderna vaccines give a very high level of protection after the first dose – about 90 per cent effectiveness three weeks after vaccination. The research also shows that recipients can safely wait for a booster shot without losing benefit.

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT COVID-19 VACCINES

See <u>What You Need to Know About COVID-19 Vaccines</u> on the FNHA website: www.FNHA.ca/coronavirus

or

The BC Centre for Disease Control: www.bccdc.ca

## Testing is done by appointment only,

## to book an appointment please contact your local <u>Health Centre/Hospital:</u>

Location	Booking	Dates/Times	Address	Phone Number (leave message)
Lytton FNHA nurses	by appt only	M-F 1:00pm-2:00pm	1535 St. Georges Rd	250-455-2715
Lillooet FNHA nurses	by appt only	M-F	296 Main St. Lillooet	250-256-7017
St. Bartholomew's Hospital—in ER	by appt only	M, W, F 11:00-12:00pm	575A Main St. Lytton	250-455-2221
Lytton First Nation Lisa Colwell	by appt only	M, T, W 8:30—2:00pm	To be booked	250-256-8182
Ashcroft Hospital & Community Health Centre	by appt only	M, W, F 1:00 -2:00pm	700 Hwy 97C	250-453-1905
Nicola Valley Hospital and Health Centre	by appt only	M, W, F 12:45pm-2:15pm	3451 Voght St. Merritt	250-378-3407
Lower Nicola Health Irene Howe Rainbow Acoby	by appt only	T & Th 9:30am—1:30pm	To be booked	250-378-4089
Scw'exmx Community Health—Rose Dionne	by appt only	M-F 9am—1pm	Tailgate test at home/ Drive-in 2090 Coutlee Ave	250-378-9745
Nlaka'pamux Health Terri Stockwell	by appt only	To be booked	To be booked	250-315-7120



## Don't call 9-1-1 unless it's an emergency.

#### If you think you may have symptoms of COVID-19, call 8-1-1.

8-1-1 is the provincial phone line for medical information and advice, including all COVID-19 questions. Call 8-1-1 free of charge to talk to trained nurses and get the info you need on the coronavirus and COVID-19.

Remember: 9-1-1 should only be used In an emergency! 9-1-1 operators do not have COVID-19 information. Calling 9-1-1 can put others at risk by delaying other emergency response efforts.

For non-medical questions about COVID-19, like questions about travel restrictions, call 1-888-COVID19 (1-888-268-4319). This info line is open from 7:30 AM to 8 PM. Do not call this line if you are sick. 8-1-1 is the best phone line if you think you have COVID-19.

#### To self-assess your symptoms,

please visit the BC Centre For Disease Control's COVID-19 Symptom Self-Assessment Tool here: covid19.thrive.health



For the latest information on COVID-19, go to www.fnha.ca/coronavirus

## Heskw'en'scutxe Health Services Society

Invitation to

Siska and Cooks Ferry Community members:

## **To Visit the Nicola Valley Aquatic Centre**

## 2040 Mamette Ave. Merritt, BC

Pool Passes available to both on and off reserve registered band members. Call Nadine to be added to the list. Transportation not included



Heskw'en'scutxe

**Health Services Society** 

**Cooks Ferry** 

Phone: (250) 458-2212

Fax: (250) 458-2213



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## **PAYMENT DATES**

#### **Child Allowance**

- March 19, 2021
- April 20, 2021
- May 20, 2021
- June 18, 2021
- July 20, 2021
- August 20, 2021
- September 20, 202
- October 20, 2021
- November 19, 2021
- December 13, 2021

#### **Old Age Security**

March 29, 2021

- April 28, 2021
- May 27, 2021
- June 28, 2021
- July 28, 2021
- August 27, 2021
- September 28, 2021
- October 27, 2021
- November 26, 2021
- December 22, 2021

Good and Services Tax (GST)

- April 1, 2021
- July 5, 2021
- October 5, 2021

May 28, 2021

April 29, 2021

March 30, 2021

Pension Plan

- June 29, 2021
- July 29, 2021
- August 30, 2021
- September 29, 2021
- October 28, 2021
- November 29, 2021

December 23, 2021



Public Health

Agence de la santé Agency of Canada publique du Canada

# ENJOY THE OUTDOORS, WITHOUT A T

Lyme disease is spread by the bite of infected blacklegged ticks. These ticks are often found in and near areas with trees, shrubs, tall grass or piles of leaves.

#### Follow these tips when heading outside:



- Wear light coloured long-sleeved shirts and pants.  $\overline{}$
- 2 Tuck your shirt into your pants, and pull your socks over your pant legs.  $\square$ Wear closed-toe shoes.
- Use bug spray with DEET or loanidin (always follow label directions).
- You can also wear permethrin-treated clothing, now available in Canada (always follow label directions).



## CHECK

- Shower or bathe as soon as possible after being outdoors.
- Do a daily full body tick check on yourself, your children, your pets and your gear.
- Put your clothes in a dryer on high heat for at least 10 minutes.

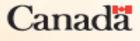


## TAKE ACTION

- ------Use clean fine-point tweezers to immediately remove attached ticks
- by slowly pulling them straight out. Try not to twist or squeeze the tick.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Wash the bite area with soap and water or alcohol-based sanitizer.
- Keep the tick in a closed container and bring it with you if you go  $\square$ see your health care provider.
- Contact your health care provider if you're not feeling well or if you  $\nabla$ are concerned after being bitten by a tick.

For more information, visit





-	On a Plot 25 x 50 ft.
BEETS, follow BEETS, follow ONION SETS, follow BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C BEARLY C	ONIONS, followed by LEAF LETTUCE 128   HEAD LETTUCE, tallowed by SPINACH 124   BEETS, tallowed by COLLARDS 304   COLLARDS, fallowed by BEETS 304   YELLOW GLOSE ONIONS for storing 304   HARSNIPS 244   LATE CASBAGE Interplanted with EARLY CABBAGE 304   NEW ZEALAND SPINACH 18 in.   HEAD LETTUCE 18 in.   ONION SETS 18 in.   TOMATOES Interplanted with EARLY CABBAGE 18 in.   ONION SETS 18 in.   ONION SETS 18 in.   SWISS CHARD 18 in.   SWISS CHARD 18 in.   ABBAGE, followed by LATE SPINACH 18 in.   AB





## NATURE CONSERVANCY CANADA



## To attract bees to your garden, try planting:

- black-eyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)
- Canada goldenrod (Solidago canadensis)

## Create a paradise for butterflies by planting:

- swamp milkweed (Asclepias incarnata)
  - wild bergamot (Monarda fistulosa)





## For ground cover in shady areas, plant:

- · foam flower (Tiarella cordifolia)
- wild woodland strawberry (Fragaria vesca)

## Have a pond in your backyard? Try planting:

- · pussy willow (Salix discolor)
- winterberry holly (Ilex verticillata)



## **Indigenous Peoples' Medicine in Canada**

Since the beginning of time Indigenous peoples in Canada have been using plants and other natural materials as medicine. Plant medicines are used more often than those derived from animals. In all, Indigenous peoples have found over 400 different species of plants (as well as lichens, fungi and algae) with medicinal uses. Medicine traditions — the plants used, the sickness treated, protocols for harvesting and usage, and modes of preparation — are similar for First Nation peoples across the country. In many communities, there are recognized traditional medicine teachers, and their teachings often reflects spiritual aspects of healing as well as physical outcomes. In many cases, the therapeutic properties of Indigenous medicines are due to particular parts of the plants and their effects on the body, but in other instances, their use is little understood by western medical doctors. Within Indigenous communities, specific methods of harvesting and preparation of medicines are considered intellectual property of particular individuals or families.

## History of Indigenous Medicine

The use of medicinal plants has been a part of people's healing traditions worldwide, probably from humans' earliest beginnings. Among Indigenous peoples in Canada, the origin of some medicinal applications is chronicled in stories, such as in the <u>Siksika</u> (Blackfoot)narrative of how a



woman named Last Calf, who had tuberculosis, gave food to a beaver, who in turn gifted her with a vision of a cure for her ailment. She was told to boil the pitch of the lodgepole <u>pine(Pinus contorta)</u> in water and drink the infusion, while singing a special song. After following these instructions, Last Calf was cured. New diseases were also introduced by the Europeans. <u>Smallpox</u>, measles, <u>tuberculosis</u>, and some venereal diseases were not originally known or widespread in Canada, but soon after European contact, spread in epidemic proportions among the Indigenous populations. Existing medicines were applied to treat these new ailments, and in some cases new medicines were developed. For example, sweetflag (*Acorus americanus*), already an important medicinal plant of the <u>boreal forest region</u> and eastern Canada, was used to treat smallpox. Barestem lomatium (*Lomatium nudicaule*), called q'a<u>x</u>mín in a number of West Coast languages, was used to treat tuberculosis, and came to be known as "Indian consumption plant." Diabetes has become prevalent among Indigenous populations, and traditional medicines, such as the inner bark of devil's-club (*Oplopanax horridus*, a shrub in the ginseng family, Araliaceae), have been adapted to treat this new disease.

#### sıska (<u>yarrow</u>)



Contains aromatic compounds including menthol and thujone; leaves, roots and flowers all used; leaves chewed for colds and coughs; leaves or roots used as a poultice for sores, cuts (said to stop bleeding), abscesses, burns, boils, skin rashes, and broken bones; also for bronchitis and coughs; leaves or whole plants soaked in water to make a shampoo; tea of the leaves drunk as a blood purifier, for diarrhoea, stomach cramps, vomiting, nausea, colds, coughs, sore throat, headache, toothache, fever, convulsions, and rheumatism; used as diuretic, blood purifier, and for liver troubles; plants used in childbirth, lactation and for gynaecological problems; also for insect bites and as a smudge or solution, for repelling insects and as a scent and air freshener.

Yarrow)

Artemisiaspecies (Sagebrush, wormwood, sagewort)



These aromatic shrubs or herbaceous perennials are widely used, as infusions or inhalants, to treat colds, coughs, and respiratory ailments. They are also prepared as washes or poultices for wounds, skin irritations and infections, blisters, sprains, sores and swellings, or as a bathing solution for rheumatism, arthritis and muscular aches and pains. Several species are also burned on ceremonial occasions as protective smudges or incenses. Some of the key species used include field wormwood (*A. campestris*), "caribou leaves" (*A. tilesii*), northern wormwood (*A. frigida*), wild tarragon (*A. dracunculus*), white sagebrush (*A. ludoviciana*), and big sagebrush (*A. tridentata*).

Wormwood (Artemisia campestris)

There are over 20 species of *Artemisia* native to different regions of Canada, and many of them are used medicinally. They contain a range of aromatic compounds that give them their distinctive fragrance; some are considered too strong to be taken internally.

Spring Harvesting Poster #2			
English	Nłe?kepmxcin	Phonetics	
spring beauty (wild potato)	tetúwń	tah-too-wn	
Botanie Valley	pténi	p-tenni	
dig roots	kməm	k-mem	

Prunus species (cherries)



<u>Choke Cherry</u> (Prunus virginiana

Cherry bark, leaves, unripe fruits and pits contain cyanide-producing glycosides, and can be harmful if taken in excess. Nevertheless, cherry bark, as an infusion, is well known to Canada's Indigenous peoples as a remedy for coughs, bronchitis, and colds, and has also been used to treat heart trouble, blood poisoning, infections, tuberculosis and smallpox. It is also used as a general tonic.

There are several species of cherry native to Canada, the most common being choke cherry (*P. virginiana*) and pin cherry (*P. pensylvani-ca*); both are used medicinally.

## *uniperus*species (junipers)



Junipers are widely known as sources of flavouring and incense in many parts of the world. The round, berry-like seed cones are particularly potent, but the boughs with or without these cones are strongly aromatic due to resins and volatile oils. (Note: the essential oils of junipers can be toxic and possibly carcinogenic.) Infusions or decoctions of juniper are taken to treat coughs, lung disease, tuberculosis, stomach pains, indigestion, vomiting and kidney troubles among other ailments. Juniper is also used as a bathing solution, inhalant or in sweatbathing to alleviate arthritic and rheumatic pains, chest pains, headaches, wounds, sprains and as a shampoo. Juniper is also burned as an incense for ceremonial protection, and is used as a cleansing wash to protect against illness or any evil influences.

Juniper (Juniperus communis)

There are five species of juniper native to Canada: two (*J. communis*, *J. horizontalis*) are shrubs with a wide range, including in the <u>boreal forest</u>, and three (*J. maritima* on the west coast, *J. scopulorum* in the western interior and *J. virginiana*, in southeastern Canada) are small trees. Junipers are sometimes also called redcedar, not to be confused with trees of the genus *Thuja*. Oplopanax horridus (devil's-club)



For many Indigenous peoples of Western Canada, this is one of the most important medicines, although it is very prickly and difficult to harvest. It is a panacea and general tonic, and used to treat many diverse ailments. Traditionally used in solution to treat rheumatism, arthritis, ulcers, stomach and digestive tract ailments, colds, coughs, influenza, bronchitis and tuberculosis, it is also applied externally as a poultice or wash for boils, wounds, broken bones, burns, and infections. It has been used in recent times to treat diabetes and cancer. Devil's-club is also recognized as a strongly spiritual plant and is used to bring luck and protection against any negative influences.

Devil's-Club (Oplopanax horridus)(

In some places devil's-club has become quite rare and there are concerns around its commercialization. The green inner bark of the stems and roots is the most common part used.

#### DISCLAIMER

More and more, healthcare providers are recognizing the importance of inclusion of First Nations knowledge in healthcare. Many healthcare setting now have guidelines and policies to incorporate traditional medicines and health practices into clients' care plans.

Talk to your healthcare team if you are thinking about using or are using traditional medicine or healing practices.

Let your traditional healer know about your medical diagnosis and any medical treatments you are having (e.g. chemotherapy, radiation, hemodialysis, etc.) or medicine you are taking.

Some traditional medicines may affect how well treatments such as chemotherapy and radiation therapy work.

Some traditional medicines may also interact with medicines or with over-the-counter drugs, which could be dangerous to your health.

If you're dehydrated, going to a sweat ceremony may be risky.

For more information, speak to the Community Health Nurse or, if in hospital, the Aboriginal Patient Navigator.

## Wild Asparagus



Asparagus officinalis, you should know, is precisely the same plant you buy in the store. It is not, strictly speaking, wild. It is feral. Like fennel in California, it has escaped from cultivation in the 400 years since Europeans brought it to the New World. Now asparagus <u>lives in every</u> **province in Canada**. So you'd think it would be all over the place, and indeed in a few places it is.

But you still need to actually find the young, tender spears in early spring, when they emerge from a scraggly root crown that can live in excess of 50 years. When in early spring? As early as February in, as late as June. Every region has its indicator. Here it's when the wild mustard blooms. In other places it's when lilacs blossom.

When you are ready to start, look for saline or alkaline soil. Moisture is important. Asparagus doesn't want its feet wet, but wants to be close enough to get the benefit. This can be anywhere in the East and South, but in the arid West, you will need to focus on marsh edges, irrigation ditches and near cattle ponds or sloughs and streams.

Asparagus will only live in full sun, or close to it. You can find it near small trees and even in briar patches, but never in a forest or even an open wood. Here they like to hang out with hemlock, wild mustard, curly dock and tules (And ticks. Keep a watchful eye for the evil critters).

If you see salicornia (pickleweed, saltwort, etc), you are too salty. Step back a few feet. Look around ditches, hedgerows, farm field edges and especially fence lines.

OK, so you are in a likely spot. What to look for?

You'll know an asparagus spear when you see it, so that's not a problem. But finding them can be the devil. Your best bet is to look for old plants from the previous year. Asparagus is an herbaceous perennial, meaning the growth above ground dies back every year. As a flourishing plant, asparagus is tall, up to 6 feet tall, and ferny, like fennel or dill.

There are male and female plants, and the female plants will eventually sport pretty red berries all over the ferny foliage. Alas, the berries are toxic, so don't eat them.

When the plant dies back in late fall, it turns a lovely canary yellow — a color most other dying plants don't have, so this is a way to spot them in fall. If you do, mark the spot on a GPS or make a mental note so you can return in early spring. Winters in even mild areas like mine will often knock that old growth over, so you will need to look for what appears to be a dead ferny plant on the ground. It helps to know that the foliage all stems from the central stalk, which was the asparagus spear. If you are still unsure, look at the base of the dead plant: It should have scars identical to the triangular leaf scars on every asparagus stalk. Asparagus is a nutrient-packed vegetable. It is a very good source of fiber, folate, vitamins A, C, E and K, as well as chromium, a trace mineral that enhances the ability of insulin to transport glucose from the bloodstream into cells. That's good news if you're watching your blood sugar.

It Can Help Fight Cancer.

It is packed with antioxidants. This may help slow the aging process and reduce inflammation.

It is a brain booster. Another anti-aging property of this delicious spring veggie is that it may help our brains fight cognitive decline.

It contains high levels of the amino acid asparagine, which serves as a natural diuretic, and increased urination not only releases fluid but helps rid the body of excess salts. This is especially beneficial for people who suffer from edema (an accumulation of fluids in the body's tissues) and those who have high blood pressure or other heart-related diseases.







Bitter root Lkwep'n (lh-koopin) is harvested using a digging stick -qalex (kah-lach) in the spring time. Usually these are gathered before they flower, the outer rough skin is removed, and the orange-red heart is taken from the center of the root to prevent the entire root from becoming too bitter. The heart can be left at the site if cleaning your roots on location, as it is the embryo for the next year's growth. The root can be dried and stored for winter use. It is high in iron. Traditionally a pudding was made from the boiled roots, with Saskatoon berries and fish eggs.

Also remember to leave at least 10% to seed so there will be some next year!

## **Guilt-Free Asparagus Soup**

- PREP 15mins
- COOK 1hr
- TOTAL 1hr 15mins

This simple asparagus soup is delicious, vegetarian, and minimizes waste. Instead of using stock to make the soup, we make a quick asparagus broth using the asparagus and leek trimmings. The broth is delicate and fragrant and is the perfect way to make use of trimmings instead of throwing them away.

#### YOU WILL NEED

#### ASPARAGUS BROTH

Trimmed stems from 2 pounds asparagus, roughly chopped

Green tops of 1 large leek, rinsed of sand and grit

1 medium carrot, chopped

1 garlic clove, halved

1 bay leaf

Salt to taste

1/4 teaspoon fresh ground pepper

9 cups water

#### ASPARAGUS SOUP

2 tablespoons extra-virgin olive oil

1 leek, white and light green parts only, rinsed of sand and grit and sliced

- 1 garlic clove, minced
- 2 medium russet potatoes, peeled and diced (about 1 pound)

Salt to taste

6 to 7 cups asparagus broth (from recipe above)

- 2 pounds asparagus, woody ends trimmed and used for broth
- 3 cups baby spinach

Half of a lemon, cut into wedges

Fresh ground black pepper

Fresh shaved or grated parmesan cheese for garnish, optional





## Guilt-Free Asparagus Soup



#### DIRECTIONS

#### • MAKE BROTH

In a large soup pot or Dutch oven, combine all of the ingredients for the broth and bring to a boil. Reduce the heat, cover and simmer for 25 minutes. Season to taste with salt bit by bit until you begin to taste the ingredients in the broth, but before it tastes salty. Strain.

#### MAKE SOUP

Heat the olive oil in a large, heavy soup pot or Dutch oven over medium heat. Add sliced leek as well as 1/4 teaspoon of salt and cook, stirring often, until the leek has softened and smells sweet, about 5 minutes.

Stir in the garlic and cook for one more minute. Toss in the potatoes and pour in about 6 cups of the asparagus broth (save the remaining broth for thinning the soup later). Bring to a boil, reduce the heat to a simmer, and then cover and simmer until the potatoes fall apart when pierced with a fork, about 20 minutes.

Meanwhile, cut tips from 12 asparagus spears 1 1/2 inches from the top. Reserve these for a garnish when serving. Roughly chop the rest of the asparagus. When the potatoes are ready, stir in the chopped asparagus (not the reserved tips) and simmer until tender, but still bright green.

Remove from the heat and stir in spinach until wilted, but still bright, about a minute.

#### • TO FINISH

Blend the soup — it doesn't need to be ultra-smooth, some texture is nice. An immersion blender makes quick work of this or use a blender. If you use a regular blender, it is best to blend in batches and not fill the blender as much as you usually would since the soup is so hot. Remove the center insert of the lid and cover it with a kitchen towel while blending — this helps some of the steam release and prevents the lid from popping off (which can be a big, hot mess).

Return the blended soup to the pot and heat through. Taste and adjust with additional salt and pepper. If the soup seems too thick, thin out with more asparagus broth a 1/4 cup at a time.

Just before serving, toss the reserved asparagus tips into an inch or two of boiling salted water and cook until tender, but still bright green, about 3 minutes. Rinse with cold water to stop the cooking.

Ladle the soup into bowls and garnish with two asparagus tips and parmesan cheese. Serve with a lemon wedge for squeezing over the top.



**Balsamic Potato and Asparagus Bake** 

## Ingredients

- 1 kg new potatoes (such as Jersey Royal or another small waxy variety), cut into quarters
- 250 g asparagus tips, cut into 2 inch pieces or halved
- 2 tbsp garlic-infused olive oil
- 4 tbsp balsamic vinegar
- A generous pinch of salt and pepper



#### Instructions

- 1. Preheat oven to 200C / 390F.
- 2. In a large roasting tin, add the olive oil, balsamic vinegar and salt. Add the potatoes and toss to coat fully before roasting for 20 minutes.
- 3. After 20 minutes, add the asparagus with a little extra olive oil, if needed. Toss to coat and cook for a further 15 minutes.
- 4. Season with extra balsamic vinegar, salt and pepper.
- 5. Serve and enjoy!





Preparation time: 10 minutes

#### Ingredients

1 pound fresh asparagus 1 teaspoon olive oil

2 dashes salt

Zest of 1/2 a small lemon

Yield: 4 servings Serving size: 1/4 of the recipe



#### Directions

Preheat oven broiler. Snap tough ends off asparagus, then rinse and drain asparagus well. Place asparagus in a zip-top bag and drizzle evenly with oil. Seal bag tightly and shake gently to coat asparagus with oil.

Place asparagus in a single layer in a 9" x 13" pan. Broil 5 inches from the heat source with the oven or broiler door cracked. After 2 minutes, pull the pan out and shake pan or use tongs to turn asparagus over. Return to the oven and broil 2–3 minutes more, or until crisp-tender. Watch closely and remove if asparagus begins to brown.

Sprinkle lightly with salt and lemon zest, then divide into 4 equal servings.





# Footcare with LPN Suzanne Marcel

Licenced Practical Nurse



All existing clients will be contacted to book an appointment. Clients will be asked to wear masks and will be called the day before with a health check questionnaire.

A personal **foot care nurse** completes the daily tasks that allow for the treatment and prevention of **foot health** issues related to diabetes and other diseases. They serve as a valuable resource for information that helps patients manage their health.





## RESTORATIVE MASSAGE WITH KATHRYN YOUNG (RMT)

## COOKS FERRY

## Tuesday April 13 2021



## SISKA Thursday April 15 2021



Medication Pick-up is every Wednesday. Remember to have your prescriptions refilled.



FNHA covers baby aspirin and polysporin prescriptions. Make sure to get a prescription. If you had to pay for these items, please call Corynn or Nadine who will help you with filling out a form to FNHA to be reimbursed.

> Shopping day Siska April 1, 2021 Shopping Day Cooks Ferry April 28, 2021

HHSS BOARD	HHSS STAFF	Cook's Ferry	Síska
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# Mammograms Save Lives

Digital Mobile Mammography Coming to Your Community



BC Cancer Breast Screening's digital mobile mammography service will be visiting:

**SPENCES BRIDGE - Cooks Ferry Band Office Parking Lot** 

MAY 25, 2021

11:00 A.M.-4:00 P.M.

**By Appointment Only** 

To book your appointment call Nadine 250-458-2212 Mammograms are available for women ages 40 and over. Make an informed decision to screen for breast cancer. Visit www.screeningbc.ca to learn more.